



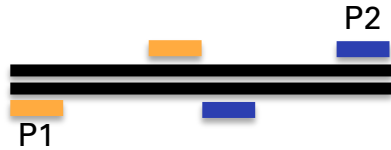
MULTIPLIX PCR

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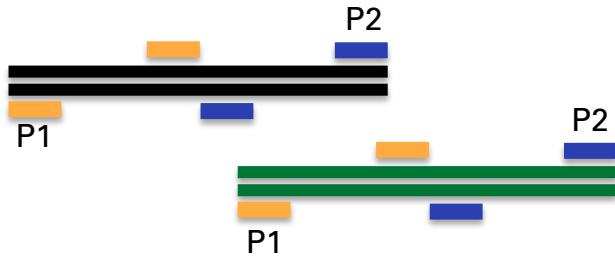


WHAT IS MULTIPLEX PCR?

Multiple primers pairs on a single template

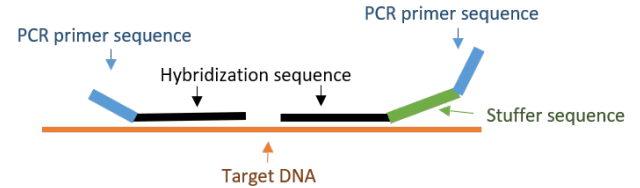


Multiple primers pairs on multiple templates

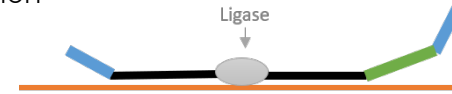


Multiplex Ligation-Dependent Probe Amplification (MLPA)

1 Denaturation; 2 Hybridization



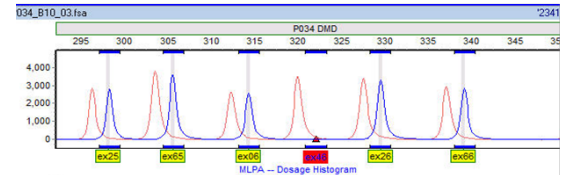
3 Ligation



4 Amplification



5 Fragment separation and Data analysis



ADVANTAGES

DISAVANTAGES

MLPA ADVANTAGES

🧬 Internal controls

🧬 Need for primer specificity

🧬 Very sensitive

🧬 Template quality and quantity

🧬 Different sized or
Fluorescently marked amplicons

🧬 No non-specific binding

🧬 Efficiency

🧬 Competition for resources

🧬 Easy probe differentiation (stuffer)



APPLICATIONS

- Pathogen identification;
- Gene presence analysis;
- Gene deletion analysis;
- Mutation analysis;
- Linkage analysis;
- High throughput SNP genotyping;
- RNA detection;
- Forensic studies.

Multiplex PCR for the detection of tetracycline resistant genes (Ng et al., 2001)

